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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO.

10/772,217 02/02/2004 Richard L. Giroux WEAT/0344 2193

7590 03/21/2006 EXAMINER

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ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER

3672

DATE MAILED: 03/21/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary	Application No. 10/772,217 Examiner William P. Neuder	Applicant(s) GIROUX ET AL. Art Unit
Office Action Summary	Examiner	
Office Action Summary		Art Unit
	William P. Neuder	
	1	3672
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timwill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	N . nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 01 F	ahruani 2006	
	action is non-final.	
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa		secution as to the merits is
closed in accordance with the practice under E		
Disposition of Claims		
• 4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,4,5 and 22-68</u> is/are pending in the application.		
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.		
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.		
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,4,5,22-29,35,37,41 and 62-67</u> is/are rejected.		
7)⊠ Claim(s) <u>30-34,36,38-40,42-61 and 68</u> is/are objected to.		
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.		
o) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.	
Application Papers		
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.		
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.		
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).		
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a))-(d) or (f).
a) All b) Some * c) None of:	F	, (-, -, (-,
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority document	s have been received.	
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No		
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage		
application from the International Bureau	•	9
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list		ed.
		·
M		
Attachment(s)	а п.	(570, 440)
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) ☐ Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da	
3) X Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)	5) Notice of Informal P	Patent Application (PTO-152)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 1/30/06.	6) Other:	

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Objections

Claims 4,25 and 64 are objected to because of the following informalities: In claims 4 and 25, no antecedent basis could be found for "the motor system". In claim 64, no antecedent basis could be found for "the releasable attachment". Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 62 and 63 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 62 states, "selectively altering a trajectory of the wellbore while penetrating the formation of the first casing". This is not understood. Perhaps instead of "of the first casing" it should read –with the first casing--.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Art Unit: 3672

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 1,4,5,22-29,35,37,41 and 62-67 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Galloway et al 6,857,487 in view of Tesco Corporation WO 00/50730.

Galloway discloses a method and apparatus for drilling with concentric casing strings (12,15,18). All of the casings have an earth removal device located at their lower ends. The casings are penetrated into the formation to a first depth. Once the depth has been reached, releasable means (14,17) between the casings are released. Galloway is considered to disclose all of the claimed features except for altering the

Art Unit: 3672

trajectory of the second casing. Tesco teaches drilling with casing incasing where the trajectory of the second casing is altered. It would have been considered obvious to alter the trajectory of the second and/or third casing of Galloway as taught by Tesco since it is commonly desirable to bore deviated wells in today's oil field technology and it would have been considered obvious to look to Tesco to drill deviated wellbores with the device of Galloway since the need for deviated wellbores commonly applies. As to claims 4 and 27, Tesco discloses a motor system 25 releasable attached to the casing 18 to directionally drill ahead with an earth removal device connected to the lower end of the motor. It would have been considered obvious to provide Galloway with a motor as taught by Tesco since the use of a motor to rotate the casing would prevent the casing from sticking. As to claims 5 and 26, Tesco teaches flowing a fluid to the earth removal means. As to claims 22 and 23, Tesco teaches the use of preferential jets for directing fluid flow asymmetrically (page 5, lines 5-9). As to claim 24, Tesco also teaches that a stabilizer (figure 2) can be used to alter the trajectory. As to claims 25 and 28, fluid is diverted to the motor system. As to claim 29, the fluid is diverted to a passageway. As to claim 37, the jetting perforation is angled. As to claim 41, a nozzle 21 extends through the earth removal means. As to claim 62, the casing would be rotated by the motor assembly. As to claim 63, the trajectory of the second casing is altered more than the trajectory of the first casing in that the first casing is straight. As to claim 64, stabilizer 30 is considered a deflector. As to claim 65, the casings are releasable from one another. As to claim 66, fluid is supplied to the motor to rotate an

earth removal device while altering a trajectory of the casing. As to claim 67, the casing can be jetted into the formation in both Galloway and Tesco.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 30-34,36,38-40,42-61 and 68 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1,4,5 and 22-68 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to William P. Neuder whose telephone number is 571-272-7032. The examiner can normally be reached on Tuesday through Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David J. Bagnell can be reached on 571-272-6999. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

William P Neuder Primary Examiner Art Unit 3672

W.P.N.